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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/805,362	03/14/2001	Chan-Kyu Koo	Q62783	6724
7590 09/20/2005 SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC			EXAMINER	
			SWEARINGEN, JEFFREY R	
2100 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20037-3202		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2145	
			DATE MAILED: 09/20/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No. Applicant(s)					
Advisory Action	09/805,362	KOO, CHAN-KYU				
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Jeffrey R. Swearingen	2145				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
THE REPLY FILED 22 August 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.						
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:						
a) In the period for reply expires <u>3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection.</u> b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no						
event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  NOTICE OF APPEAL						
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).						
AMENDMENTS .						
<ul> <li>3.  The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);</li> <li>(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);</li> </ul>						
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or						
(d)⊠ They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.						
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).  5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):						
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a	6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling					
the non-allowable claim(s).  7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.  The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed:						
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:						
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE						
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will <u>not</u> be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).						
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.  REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER						
11.   The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:  See Continuation Sheet.						
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s)						
Who the	·					

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that Borella fails to teach "converting IP and port information in a header and payload of a received or transmitted packet according to an assigned ID and port number." This is taught in Borella in column 4, lines 52-56, by performing network address translation. Network address translation covers IP and port information. Network address translation is performed "according to an assigned port number" See also column 2, lines 30-64. Because the Borella invention uses Internet Protocol, the port number is used. The port number is also pointed to in column 4, lines 24-32. Applicant points out that port numbers "need not [be] translated", but Borella does not specifically state that port addresses cannot be translated by Borella. It is evident from column 4, lines 24-29, that this functionality is not explicitly excluded from Borella.

Applicant argues that Borella fails to disclose "assigning a port to a first terminal when said first terminal requests a call initiation." Lines 24-27 of column 4 place a port address within the bounds of the device address. When an IP device connects to a network (initiating a call), it is assigned an address. Since Borella has taught that a port address can be part of a device address, the port address is assigned when the device connects to the network or initiates the call.

Applicant maintains that Borella does not teach that IP and port information is stored in the header and payload of a packet and that IP and port information is not changed. IP and port information is taught in column 4, lines 20-29, where the address information is made a part of the data packet (header and payload). The address (IP + port) is translated in column 4, lines 52-56.

Applicant again argues the lacking of port information in Borella for claim 29. The Examiner has previously addressed this.

Applicant argues that "the port information is registered in a gate keeper and updated by the gate keeper when the port information is changed" is not taught by Borella. Column 6, lines 38-60, discloses the gate keeper updating addresses. Borella teaches that an address includes an IP address and a port address as previously shown. Therefore when any part of the address changes in Borella, including the port address, the gate keeper is updated.

In regard to claim 53, Applicant argues that Borella fails to teach or disclose "wherein the port is assigned to said first terminal only when said first terminal requests a call initiation." Borella teaches that the port address is part of the device address. The device can only have an address on an IP network assigned to it upon connecting to the network, or initiating the call.

Applicant is informed that this case has been reassigned to a new Examiner. .

RUPAL DHARIA EXAMINER